2021

PHARMACOLOGY

Paper - II

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3 hours

Answer all questions

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks
Use separate answer sheet for Section-A and Section-B

## SECTION - A

1. A 50-years-old male patient, a known case of hypertension for the past two years came to the out-patient department for a routine follow up. He was on hydrochlorothiazide 25 mg for the past two years. On examination his blood pressure was 150/86 mm of Hg. There were no other unusual findings. On investigations, his

FBS was 167 mg/dl and two-hour post prandial blood glucose was 200 mg/dl. 5+2+3

- (a) Which antihypertensive drug(s) should be preferred in this patient? Justify with reasons. Explain the mechanism of action and adverse effects expected with these drugs.
- (b) Can hydrochlorothiazide be continued in this patient? Explain.
- (c) A few years later, if the patient's blood pressure is poorly controlled, which antihypertensive combination should be preferred? Justify.
- Classify antithyroid drugs. Discuss mechanism of action and adverse action of thyroid synthesis inhibitors.
- 3. Explain the rationale for the following:  $4 \times 5$ 
  - (a) Folinic acid rescue after a chemotherapeutic infusion for acute lymphoblastic leukemia.

- (b) MESNA is administered with ifosfamide.
- (c) Levofloxacin as respiratory flouroqunolones.
- (d) Combination of Amphotericin B and Fluconozole in systemic fungal infection.
- (e) Compare and contrast between Oxytocin and Carboprost in obstetrics practice.
- 4. Answer the following questions:  $1 \times 5$ 
  - (a) Write the drug treatment of Acute amoebic dysentery.
  - (b) Write the drug treatment of post exposure prophylaxis for HIV infection.
  - (c) Write the drug treatment of Scabies.
  - (d) Indications and contraindications of Radioactive iodine.
  - (e) Indications of fibrinolytic agents.

## 5. MCQs:

 $1 \times 5$ 

- (a) Peripheral neuritis is caused by use of following drug:
  - (i) Isoniazid
  - (ii) Pyrazinamide
  - (iii) Refampicin
  - (iv) Pyridoxin
- (b) Super infection is resulted due to use of
  - (i) Tetracyclines
  - (ii) Amoxicillin
  - (iii) Cefadroxyl
  - (iv) Azithromycin
- (c) Which of the following drug used topically in glaucoma
  - (i) Timolol
  - (ii) Phenacetin
  - (iii) Tropicamide
  - (iv) Acetazolamide

- (d) Which of the following drug causes hyperglycaemia
  - (i) Thiazides
  - (ii) Amiloride
  - (iii) Spiranolactone
  - (iv) Triamterine
- (e) Drug of choice of anaphylactic shock is
  - (i) Adrenaline
  - (ii) Dopamine
  - (iii) Nor adrenaline
  - (iv) Vasopressin

## SECTION - B

6. A 26-years-old man living in Bhubaneswar presented with high grade fever 105°F with chills and rigors. Patient is delirious and passed 200 ml of urine in past 24 hours. Blood smear examination showed presence of intra-erythrocytic Plasmodium Falciparum.

5 + 3 + 2

- (a) What treatment regimen should be followed for this patient according to the National Programme.
- (b) Discuss the advantages of this treatment.
- (c) List two adverse effects of this therapy.
- 7. A 35 years lady comes to you fever and burning sensation of micturation. Urine microscopy reveals 6-8 pus cells/HPF. She diagnosed to be Urinary tract infection.

  4 + 3 + 3
  - (a) What is the drug and non-drug treatment of this case?
  - (b) How will you monitor the therapy?
- 8. Answer the following questions:  $4 \times 5$ 
  - (a) Write the therapeutic basis of frusemide in acute pulmonary oedema.
  - (b) Write the adverse effect profile of combined oral contraceptive pills.

(c)	Write the Therapeutic uses of vitamin E.	
(d)	Use of isopropyl alcohol as disinfectant.	
` '	Name the Antifungals used for Muco mycosis.	r-
Fill	in the blanks:	1×5

- (a) Vitamin B12 Deficiency is common with which anti diabetic drug \_\_\_\_\_
- (b) Ulipristal acetate is \_\_\_\_\_

9.

- (c) Drug of choice of exercise induce angina \_\_\_\_\_
- (d) Drug of choice of scrub typhus is \_\_\_\_\_
- (e) Parathormone derivative used for treatment of osteoporosis is \_\_\_\_\_.

## 10. MCQs: 1 × 5

(a) Which of the following Anti biotic Produce Thrombocytopenia

- (i) Cefixime
- (ii) Amikacin
- (iii) Azithromycin
- (iv) Linezolid
- (b) Which of the following drug may produce Haemolysis
  - (i) Primaquine
  - (ii) Chloroquine
  - (iii) G6PD Enzyme
  - (iv) Artesunate
- (c) Which of the following is not an adverse reaction with Erythropoitin
  - (i) Hypeftension
  - (ii) Hypotension
  - (iii) Thromboembolic events
  - (iv) Seizure
- (d) Which of the following is anti-psudomonal -antibiotic?
  - (i) Ciprofloxacin

- (ii) Vancomycin
- (iii) Cefaclor
- (iv) Chloramphenicol
- (e) Most emitogenic anti-cancer drug is
  - (i) Cis-platin
  - (ii) Cyclophosphamide
  - (iii) Methotrexate
  - (iv) Bleomycin